The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 2080

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18. 1742.

AS the Body Politick agrees with the Natural Body in many Reſpects, ſo in this; whenever it is out of Order, every Man almoſt thinks himſelf qualified to act the Phyſician. Of this we have daily Examples at preſent, nor do I mean to queſtion a Practice which I intend to follow. On the Multiplicity of Advices offered I ground my Claim to Attention, and hope to be heard as patiently if I talk as rationally as another. We are all ſenſible that the State is diſorder'd, and we all wiſh, or at leaſt we ought to wiſh its ſpeedy Cure; nay more, we are every one of us bound to contribute to it as far as we can, and it is this alone that can juſtify the Liberties at preſent taken.

Two things ſeem to be principally wanting, *Authority at home*, and *Influence abroad*. If we have not the former, we never can have the latter; a divided People are never reſpected by their Neighbours. Authority is the Reſult of the People's Confidence in their Governors. Men may ſubmit to Tyrants, or may ſerve ſuch as they think have no Title to be their Maſters; but Governors have Authority, and Subjects may be truly ſaid to obey, when the former anſwer the Ends for which they were inſtituted, and the latter act under a juſt Senſe of their Duty's being their Intereſt.

When things are in this Situation, a State is ſure to command Reſpect from Foreign Powers; but when the Wheels of Government are either clogg'd or in Diſorder, it cannot long be conceal'd, even from Strangers; the Irregularity of its Motions will bring Diſcredit on the Machine. Whoever therefore profeſſes a Concern for the Reputation of his Country muſt be inclin'd to ſupport Legal Authority, for the People can never be formidable where the Government is weak. Now tho' this is ſelf-evident, and no Man will go about to diſpute it in Theory, yet many ſuffer themſelves to be deceived in the Practice, and are ſo jealous of Liberty as to be afraid of truſting their Governors with ſuch a Meaſure of Power as is abſolutely neceſſary to preſerve it.

In the preſent critical Conjuncture, not only our own Freedom depends upon our Conduct, but the Freedom and Preſervation of all *Europe*. If we continue perplext and irreſolute, our beſt Friends will ſuffer; nay things in a ſhort time will come to that Paſs, as that we ſhall have no Friends at all. Diſſention will do the Buſineſs of our Enemies, and we ſhall periſh, not thro' the Superiority of their Force, but thro' our not exerting our own. We boaſt of Patriotiſm, we boaſt of publick Spirit, let us ſhew it in our Unanimity, let us make choice of ſome Plan or other, and let us purſue it with Vigour, let private Prejudices be extinguiſhed, and let the Buſineſs of the Nation go on.

All *Europe* is at preſent in Confuſion, and yet if things were once in Order here, that Confuſion would quickly ceaſe. Our ancient Spirit is not evaporated, nor do we want the Strength neceſſary to ſave ourſelves and our Neighbours. We want only Reſolution, that Reſolution which we have ſo often and ſo ſucceſsfully ſhewn, in Seaſons as critical as the preſent. If we diſcover it ſpeedily, the impending Storm may be diſpell'd, and the Glory of *Britain* ſhine as bright as ever. But if we heſitate in our Choice, if we delay our Endeavours, Opportunities will be loſt, and that aſſuming, that enterprizing POWER, which affect to give Law to *Europe*, will carry her Point, and then——— what then?——— we can only expect ſhe will ſhew us *Polyphemus*'s Courteſy, —let us be the laſt that ſhe devours.

When the glorious Queen *Elizabeth* aſcended the *Engliſh* Throne, the Houſe of *Auſtria* was in the Zenith of its Power, and this Nation in the loweſt and moſt dejected Condition, yet that wiſe Princeſs immediately reſolv'd to act with Vigour; ſhe applied herſelf to heal and to amend, ſhe forbore Severities, that ſhe might not loſe the Affection of any Part of her People. By this Means ſhe quickly rectify'd the *Miſtakes* of the *former Adminiſtration*, and made her Neighbours glad to court the *Protection* of a *Power*, which *a little before* they thought *ſcarce able to maintain itſelf*. She did not however haſtily engage in a Foreign War, ſhe firſt made it her Buſineſs to reſtore the Strength and Spirits of the Nation. Her Miniſters were choſen out of Reſpect to their known Abilities, and the Need the State had of them; they juſtified the Wiſdom of her Choice, by burying all private Animoſities in a generous Concern for the Publick. This enabled *England* to hold the Balance of Power, to mortify the Pride of *Spain*, and to enervate its Force before War was declar'd; this drew the *Dutch* into ſo cloſe a Conjunction with us, and in ſhort this enabled that Great Queen to ſecure to us the Sovereignty of the Seas, an extenſive and gainful Trade, with the general Reſpect of all *Europe*.

After the late *Revolution*, a like Criſis happen'd with reſpect to the Power of *France*. It appeared too dangerous to be borne, and yet too great to be reſiſted. The wiſe King WILLIAM was hardly ſeated on the Throne before he projected its Reſtraint, and executed his Project, notwithſtanding the Difficulties he met with here were at leaſt equal to thoſe which he was oblig'd to ſurmount abroad. If he had follow'd ſome warm tho' well-meant Councils, he would never have been able to have done this; but his own good Senſe directed him better: He temporiz'd with his Subjects, that he might be able to make head againſt the Common Enemy; he ſought to heal our Breaches by ſhewing all the Parties into which we were divided, that he had nothing but the Nation's Intereſt at heart. If he had liv'd longer he would have done more, as it was he did a great deal; he rais'd a Dike ſtrong enough to prevent that Inundation which threaten'd our Neighbours and ourſelves, from overwhelming both; and he excited that Spirit which animated the glorious Confederacy that humbled the Haughtineſs of *France*, and laid her Honour in the Duſt.

What we have done heretofore there ſeems to be no juſt Reaſon to deſpair of our doing again, if we will but purſue the ſingle Plan upon which ſuch Actions can be performed, uniting amongſt ourſelves, and reſolving to exert all our Fire againſt the Enemies of our King and Country. We are all ſenſible of the Juſtice, Honour, and Integrity of the Prince upon the Throne, and we cannot but be convinc'd, that as he has no Intereſt but ours, ſo nothing can be really our Intereſt which is not his. But if our Diſſentions continue to rage, if we exhauſt ourſelves in Party Diſputes, and refuſe on any Terms to unite ourſelves in the Common Cauſe, we ſhall evidently do our utmoſt to perplex our Sovereign, and to render it almoſt impracticable for him to know, and conſequently to conſult or follow the Senſe of his People. In ſuch a Situation, every Handful of Men will aſſume that Title, and every private Purpoſe, every ſiniſter Intrigue, will be cover'd with the ſpecious Pretence of being the Cauſe of the Publick.

Whatever there may be of Difficulty or Myſtery in ſome Points of Government, there are others ſo clear that it is impoſſible to miſtake them. We know that we are engaged in a War, in a War for the Protection of our Trade, commenc'd by the Advice of Parliament, and approv'd by the Voice of the People. Let us then be unanimous on this Head, let us carry on the War with Vigour, that the Return of Peace may be equally agreeable to our Intereſt and Reputation. We know that dangerous Deſigns are carried on abroad, not only againſt the Balance, but againſt the Freedom and Independency of *Europe*. We have heard of Revolutions in other Countries, and we have ſeen an inſolent Foreign News-Writer menace us with Civil Diſturbances here. We cannot but know that it is our Duty to ſecure our Sovereign and ourſelves from all Hazards of this Sort. Theſe are Things which fall within the Compaſs of every Man's Underſtanding; and therefore every Man is bound to act rationally in reſpect to them, and to leave obſcurer Points to the Cognizance of ſuch as have better Lights, and are more immediately bound to enquire about them.

We know too that the Minds of Men have been lately in a great Ferment, that the Cauſes thereof are now taken away, and that, conſequently, there is no Excuſe for our not attending to the Care of the Publick now, when to all the general Ties which bind Men to the Service of their Country, there is added this Critical Circumſtance, that we have not a Moment's Time to loſe; ſince if we relapſe into our former Diſputes a *Coalition* may come too late, the Time for Action will be over.

YEſterday arriv'd a Mail from FRANCE, with the *Paris Alamain* of Wedneſday laſt, containing the following Advices from the *Hague*, dated Feb. 13. N. S.

'According to our laſt Letters from Paris, the French 'Officers in the Bavarian Army complain ſadly of the 'wretched Condition to which they are reduc'd, and the 'Marſhal de Broglio has ſent Word to his Court, that it 'was impoſſible for him to ſupport himſelf any longer in 'Bohemia, if he be not reinforc'd with 20000 Men. The 'Miniſtry is very much embaraſs'd, not on account of the 'Difficulty of raiſing the Men, but for fear of loſing the 'greateſt Part of them before they get there; the rather 'becauſe the Number there is at moſt but 15000. The 'ſaid Army is alſo very much diminiſh'd by the bloody 'Action that has happen'd in Bohemia, wherein the 'French that were marching to ſuccour Linz were de'feated; and the Bavarians are oblig'd to leave them, in 'order to go to the Relief of their own Country, which 'is ravag'd and deſtroy'd by the Auſtrians, who have 're-taken Paſſaw, the on'y Place the Allies had left in 'Upp'r Auſtria. 'Tis very much to be fear'd, that all 'theſe Advantages that have been gain'd by the Auſtrian 'Troops will make well for the Queen of Hungary, and 'the Duke her Husband. There's a Talk of putting 'this Illuſtrious Couple under the Ban of the Empire, as 'Perſons that are refractory to the Deciſions of the Em'peror and the Germanick Body, and of retrenching the 'Advantages that are granted to them by the Partition'Treaty which the Allies have concluded about the Em'peror's Succeſſion.

'We are very much aſtoniſh'd to hear of the Mili'tary Preparations making in France, which the Mini'ſtry would fain conceal from the World under the 'Maſk of Peace: For beſides the Troops which that 'Court intends for Bohemia, we hear they have given 'Orders to eſtabliſh Magazines for the Subſiſtance of '20000 Men which they are ſending into the Biſhoprick 'of Liege, to re-inforce the Army under the Marſhal de 'Maillebois, upon pretence that he has loſt that Number 'by Sickneſs, excluſive of thoſe that have been mur'der'd by the Peaſants: But theſe Queſtions may fairly 'be ask'd; What Buſineſs the French Army has in that 'Part of the Empire, where the Queen of Hungary has 'neither Troops nor Territories? Has France a Fancy 'to fall upon ſome other Prince of the Empire? 'Tis 'very well known that in the Separate Article of the 'pretended Offenſive and Defenſive Alliance between his 'moſt Chriſtian Majeſty and the Elector of Bavaria, it 'was ſtipulated that his Majeſty ſhould have an Army of '60000 Men upon the Rhine, to ſupport the Election 'againſt the Ill-affected who might intend to diſturb it; 'but now that the Election is concluded with ſo much 'Tranquillity and Unanimity, What has this French 'Army to do upon our Frontiers; when there's no 'Danger of any Troubles in the Dominions of Berg and 'Juliers, when the Elector Palatine dies, the King of 'Pruſſia having renounc'd the Pretenſion to thoſe Coun'tries which his late Father had ſo much at Heart; 'while on the other hand he has trump'd up Pretenſions 'which his Father never dream'd of? Things being in 'this Situation, and the French Troops at our Gates, as 'well as at thoſe of our Ally the King of Great Britain, 'the Pains which the French Ambaſſador here takes to 'hinder the third Augmentation from being reſolv'd on, 'don't meet with a favourable Conſtruction.'

HOME PORTS.

Portſmouth, Feb. 16. Yeſterday came to Spithead the Somerſet, Howſe, for Bombay. Went out of this Harbour the Tartar Man of War.

Deal, Feb. 16. Wind S. Arriv'd this Morning and ſail'd for the River, his Majeſty's Ships Orford and Suffolk. Sail'd the Sally, Cole, for Newfoundland. Remain his Majeſty's Ships Leopard and Scipio; the Sea-flower, Priddis, for Smyrna.

Graveſend, Feb. 16. Paſs'd by the Twelve Tribes of Iſrael, Heyen, from Embden; the Pickfair, Bell, from Rotterdam.

LONDON, February 18.

From the London Gazette.

The Circuits appointed for the Lent Aſſizes are as follow, *viz.*

NORTHERN.
Lord Chief Juſtice Lee,
Mr. Baron Reynolds.

City of York, Monday, March 15, at the Guildhall of the ſaid City.
Yorkſhire, the ſame Day, at the Caſtle of York.
Lancaſhire, Monday, 29th ditto, at the Caſtle of Lancaſter.

MIDLAND.
Lord Chief Juſtice Willes,
Sir Thomas Abney.

Northampton, Tueſday, March 9 at Northampton.
Rutland, Friday, 12th ditto, at Oakham.
Lincoln, Monday, 15th ditto, at the Caſtle of Lincoln.
City of Lincoln, the ſame Day, at the City of Lincoln.
Nottingham, Friday, 19th ditto, at Nottingham.
Town of Nottingham, Saturday, 20th ditto, at the Town of Nottingham.
Derby, Monday, 22d ditto, at Derby.
Leiceſter, Thurſday, 25th ditto, at the Caſtle of Leiceſter.
Borough of Leiceſter, Friday, 26th ditto, at the Town Hall of Leiceſter.

City of Coventry, Saturday 27th ditto, at the City of Coventry.
Warwick, Monday, 29th ditto, at Warwick.

NORFOLK.
Lord Chief Baron Probyn,
Mr. Juſtice Chapple.

Bucks, Monday, March 8, at Aylesbury.
Bedford, Thurſday, 11th ditto, at Bedford.
Huntingdon, Saturday, 13th ditto, at Huntingdon.
Cambridge, Monday, 15th ditto, at Cambridge.
Norfolk, Thurſday, 18th ditto, at Thetford.
Suffolk, Monday, 22d ditto at Bury St. Edmunds.

HOME
Sir. Lawrence Carter,
Sir John Forteſcue Aland.

Hertfordſhire, Thurſday, March 4, at the Town of Hertford.
Eſſex, Monday, 8th ditto, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Monday, 15th ditto, at Maidſtone.
Suſſex, Monday, 22d ditto, at Eaſt Grinſted.
Surry, Wedneſday, 24th ditto, at Guilford.

OXFORD.
Mr. Juſtice Parker,
Mr. Juſtice Wright.

Berks, Monday, March 8, at Reading.
Oxon, Wedneſday, 10th ditto, at Oxford.
Glouceſter, Saturday, 13th ditto, at Glouceſter.
City of Glouceſter, the ſame Day at the City of Glouceſter.
Monmouth, Thurſday, 18th ditto, at Monmouth.
Hereford, Saturday, 20th ditto, at Hereford.
Salop, Thurſday, 25th ditto, at Shrewsbury.
Stafford, Tueſday, 30th ditto, at Stafford.
Worceſter, Saturday, April 3, at Worceſter.
City of Worceſter, the ſame Day at the City of Worceſter.

WESTERN.
Mr. Juſtice Burnet.
Mr. Juſtice Deniſon.

Southampton, Tueſday, March 9, at the Caſtle of Winchester.
Wilts, Saturday, 13th ditto, at New Sarum.
Dorſet, Thurſday, 18th ditto, at Dorcheſter.
Cornwall, Wedneſday, 24th ditto, at Launceſton.
City and County of Exeter, Monday, 29th ditto, at the Guildhall of the City of Exeter.
Devon, the ſame Day at the Caſtle of Exeter.
Somerſet, Monday, April 5, at the Caſtle of Taunton.

Letters from Bilbao by Yeſterday's French Mail ſay, that they then had three Privateers at Sea; and that two more launch'd there, one of 14 and another of 22 Guns, would be ready to put to Sea in a few Days.

Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales went from Carlton-Houſe to St. James's, being accompanied by the Duke of Saxe-Gotha, and attended by Fifteen other Perſons of Diſtinction in their Chairs, and waited on his Majeſty. His Royal Highneſs was moſt graciouſly receiv'd, and had a Conference with his Majeſty for near an Hour.

After which his Royal Highneſs return'd to Carlton-Houſe, where he received, on the happy Occaſion, the Compliments of the Lord Chancellor, Dukes of Newcaſtle, Grafton, Marlborough, Richmond, and Portland; the Earls of Wilmington, Ilay, Cholmondeley, Lord Carteret, ſeveral of the Biſhops, the Foreign Miniſters, with divers other Perſons of Diſtinction.

A Guard was immediately order'd to attend his Royal Highneſs at Carlton-Houſe.

To-morrow Evening her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales will go to the Withdrawing Room at St. James's, in order to pay her Compliments to his Majeſty, the Duke, and the Princeſſes.

Yeſterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordſhips were pleaſed to appoint Capt. Rupert Warren, late Captain of the Greyhound, to be Captain of the Lark, a 40 Gun Ship.

Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs the Prince of WALES was pleaſed, in the moſt gracious Manner, to accept a Dedication of Mr *Chandler*'s Eidtion of the Hiſtory and Proceedings in Parliament, from the Reſtoration, *compared with the Journals of the Houſe*; and alſo to expreſs his Approbation of the ſame, and to extend his Royal Patronage to the whole Book.

Laſt Week Mary Maſham, Diana Davis, Ann Campbell, and Elizabeth Rowel, were committed to Bridewell by Col. De Veil, and Catherine Lewis by Juſtice Fraſer, for hawking Unſtampt News-Papers.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge,	Morning		Evening	
	08	34	09	10

Bank Stock, Nothing done. India, 156 1-half to 3-4ths. South Sea, 102 7-8ths to 103. Old Annuity, 112 to 111 7-8ths. New ditto, 110 1-8th to 1-4th. Three per Cent. 99 to 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Aſſurance, 87. London Aſſurance, 11 1-4th. African, 10. India Bonds, 3 l. 15 to 16 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 3 l. Prem. Salt Tallies, Par. Engliſh Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welſh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, 94 1-half. Million Bank, 113 1-half. Equivalent, 110.

Admiralty Office, February 16, 1741.

MY *Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty having ordered the Petty Officers and Foremaſt Men of his Majeſty's Ship the Squirrel, to be removed into the Launceſton, and the Leave of Abſence which has been given to them being expired, it is their Lordſhips ſtrict Directions, that the ſaid Petty Officers and Seamen do immediately repair on board his Majeſty's Ship Launceſton at Deptford, on pain not only of loſing their Wages, but of their being apprehended and tried as Deſerters.*

Tho. Corbett.

Bank, January 15, 1741.

WHereas *Information has been given at the Bank, That* JOHN WAITE, *their late Caſhier, was ſeen lately at a certain Inn ſome Diſtance from London; and it being ſuppoſed that he is about to make his Eſcape out of the Land, This therefore is to give Notice to all* Captains, Maſters of Ships or Small Veſſels, Fiſhermen, Innkeepers, &c. *That whoever ſhall apprehend and ſecure the ſaid* JOHN WAITE, *to be deals with according to Law, ſhall receive of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England* Three hundred Pounds, *over and above the* Two hundred Pounds *offered in former Advertiſements, in the Whole* FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS.

David Le Gros, *Secretary.*

N. B. *The ſaid* JOHN WAITE *is about Forty-one Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well ſet, round viſag'd, ſmall grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-laſhes, and of a moſt remarkable freſh Complection, but travels ſomewhat diſguiſed.*

To be SOLD,

THE Manor of Wantage, and the whole Hundreds of Wantage and Ganfield in the County of Berks, with the Fairs and Markets, being with the high Rents about 800 l. a Year in Poſſeſſion, and about 400 l. a Year in Reverſion after one, two and three Lives. The Town is within one Mile of the Downs, on which there is a Farm-houſe partly newly built, with good Barns, Stable, Dovehouſe, and all other Conveniences, with 400 Acres belonging to the ſaid Farm, in a very fine hunting Country, within ſix Miles of Abingdon, ſix of Faringdon, five of Lamborn, four of Iſley, ten of Newbury, and ſix from the Thames in the Vale of White Horſe.

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9. Royalty conceal'd: or the faithful Shepherdeſs.
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IN

A Series of FAMILIAR LETTERS from a Beautiful Young DAMSEL, to her PARENTS:

And afterwards,

In her EXALTED CONDITION,

BETWEEN

HER, and Perſons of *Figure* and *Quality*, upon the moſt Important and Entertaining Subjects in *Genteel Life*.

Publiſh'd in order to cultivate the Principles of Virtue *and* Religion *in the Minds of the* YOUTH *of* Both Sexes.

Printed for S. RICHARDSON:

And Sold by *C. Rivington*, in St. Paul's Church-yard; and *J. Osborn*, in Pater-noſter Row.

PARALYTICON, ſeu Anima Nervorum. *A Stupendous* Chymical Eſſence, *which infallibly cures the* PALSY, *and all other* NERVOUS DISEASES:

THE very firſt Doſe of it (a few Drops only) inſtantly penetrates the inmoſt Receſſes of the minuteſt Nerves, and darting almoſt as quick as Lightning thro' the whole Human Syſtem, diffuſes kindly Warmth and genial Comfort to the weaken'd Limbs, and all Parts of the Body, and affords immediate ſenſible Relief in the moſt obſtinate Palſy, and all Paralytick Affects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and Weakneſs, whether univerſal, or of particular Parts only, or whether lately contracted, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very firſt Doſe makes an apparent demonſtrable Amendment, ſo the continuing of it for a ſhort Time as ſurely accompliſhes a perfect Cure, not only of the moſt grievous Palſy or Reſolution of the Nerves, but alſo of their Cramp-like Contractions, Shrinking of the Sinews, and all other Nervous Complaints whatever, and that in Perſons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occaſioned by preceding Illneſſes, faſt Living, hard Drinking, long Courſes of Phyſick, great Colds, or exceſſive Fatigues either of Mind or Body.

Words cannot ſufficiently expreſs the uncommon, the unparallel'd Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it frankly acknowledge; and its vaſtly ſuperior Excellency to all other Remedies, may be more ſecurely rely'd on, for the abſolute Cure of the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Indiſpoſitions, than the Celebrated Cortex is for Intermittents.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, enriches the Blood, reſtores the ſtrong Vigour and ſteady Uſe of the Limbs, and ſtrengthens the infeebled Joints, Muſcles, Tendons, Ligaments, and whole Habit to an immenſe Degree.

It is alſo very pleaſant to take, is comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be given to the youngeſt Infant.

It is to be had only, by the Author's Appointment at Mr Radford's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-Yard, in the Strand, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

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